

## THE IRREPRESSIBLE BLAIR.

He Still Has Hopes of Filling the Chinese Mission.

## DEFAULTER BARDSLEY AND PIOUS JOHN.

How Banker Marsh Managed to Effect His Escape—Suspected Chilian Trick on the United States—Capital Notes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 5.—(Special).—Ex-Senator Blair, of New Hampshire, who has been rejected as the Minister to China, is still exploiting himself as a political leader, and talks with as much assurance as if he had met with success instead of failure. He is now in Washington scheming to persuade the Chinese legation to interpose its influence to have the objection to him reconsidered and rescinded. Mr. Blair speaks of the Chinese mission as if it were a matter of entire indifference, but at the same time he is paying his friends to labor with the Chinese Minister to convince him that despite his denunciations of China and its people Blair is a good friend of them.

The ex-Senator is not at all disposed to relinquish his claims upon the administration, and if China persists in rejecting him he wants the appointment to Japan. In a talk to-day Mr. Blair desisted upon the third party movement, and like Ingalls he is trying the dodge of flattery the farmers and of denouncing corporations. This course is eminently characteristic of Blair, who was time-server during his years of service in the House and in the Senate he was a most unscrupulous tool of Eastern corporations and monopolies. Now, having been repudiated by his own State and rejected by the "heavenly Chinese," he is endeavoring to make weather by flattery the moderate people's party and by turning his back upon the influences that have conferred upon him all political honors he ever enjoyed. In his wild theory Blair goes so far as to protest that the Republican party in 1862 will declare for the free coinage of silver. With that exalted egotism that has made him notorious rather than famous he says: "I believe I could write the plank (on silver) in the platform now." He then says it will declare for the free coinage of silver and gold as legal tender for all debts, public and private.

## DANIEL MARSH'S DISAPPEARANCE.

The sudden flight and successful concealment of Daniel Marsh, of Philadelphia, caused no little surprise at first, but gradually a flood of light is being poured upon the matter. It was surprising that Marsh could so suddenly disappear and despite all the pretended efforts to trace him absolutely conceal every trace of his movements. It is asserted by private depositors and public officials of Philadelphia and of Pennsylvania that Marsh was urged to take refuge in flight as a means of protecting Postmaster-General Wanamaker from ignominious exposure. It is further stated that Postmaster Bardsley has made a confession which shows where much of the lost money went, and which explains why he tried to recoup by lending public funds at interest.

## BARDSEY AND WANAMAKER.

Bardsley, it appears, was an instrument of Wanamaker in raising the sinistral fund for Harrison and Morton in 1888. The public funds were used to make up the necessary amount. Wanamaker, it is said, was to be repaid. Wanamaker became financially involved and could not repay. Various expedients were resorted to for the purpose of obtaining delay, and at last even the power of the Federal administration was used to stave off the payment. Marsh was engaged with Wanamaker in raising the corruption fund, and if placed on the stand or if arraigned for trial all the facts would come out. Hence as the only means of protection Marsh was urged to leave the country, and with the influence back of him it is declared that his revelations will be of a character calculated to force a vacancy in the Cabinet.

## CAPITAL NOTES.

In Virginia J. A. Barbee has been appointed postmaster at Hornville, Sussex county, vice E. Tignor, resigned. E. V. Wells, at Wallers, Henry county, vice R. C. Wells, resigned. In North Carolina P. E. Nelson has been appointed postmaster at Rockwell, Cherokee county, vice E. E. Nelson, resigned. Elia Fensom has been commissioned postmaster at Paynes, Va.

Professor R. D. Wilson, of Allegheny Seminary, Pa., is in the city, the guest of Mr. A. C. Bruce, 111 North Sixth street. He will preach for Dr. Fair at the Grace-street Presbyterian church to-morrow night. A board of officers has been ordered to meet at the Norfolk navy-yard to-morrow to investigate the circumstances of the death of the two men on the United States steamship Concord, which occurred a few days ago while on her final trial trip.

The centre of population in this country in 1790 was 23 miles east of Baltimore; in 1870 it was nearly 50 miles east of Cincinnati; now it is 20 miles east of Columbus, Indiana; it moves westward at the rate of 36 to 51 miles every ten years.

## SINGERS OUT OF MONEY.

The "Financier's Daughter" Out of Finances in Norfolk.

NORFOLK, VA., June 5.—The Ohio Opera Company of New York, arriving here in the "Financier's Daughter," which arrived here in the early part of the week, has disbanded, and of the twenty-three members of the company nine have been left without a cent to get out of the town. Manager Lewis and fourteen of the company, together with Miss Taylor, who wrote the play, made their escape on the quiet with some of the stage apparatus to Hampton yesterday. The actors who were left behind will probably bring suit for damages.

The agent of the Bay Line steamer Georgia having accepted formal notice of libel by the owners of the tug Edgar F. Luckenbach for \$6,000 she was bonded in the sum of \$10,000 and released from the custody of the court to-day.

A special from Port Haywood, Va., says the schooner Calvert is ashore at that point. Help has been summoned from Cape Henry and Newport, and the schooner will probably be floated by morning.

## Will Leave for Old Point.

New York, June 5.—Secretary Foster again visited the sub-Treasury this morning and saw a number of bankers. He will not make known his decision in the bond matter until his return to Washington. He was entertained at luncheon by the Lawyer's Club this afternoon.

The Secretary will leave to-morrow on the Old Dominion steamer for Old Point, Va., where he will remain for a day or two, and then proceed to Washington.

## Arson, Then Theft.

BALTIMORE, N. C., June 5.—A special from Greenville says: The barn of Joel Gardner, a wealthy farmer living in Pitt county, was set on fire last night, and while he and his family were trying to extinguish the flames some parties entered his dwelling and took away a little containing five or six thousand dollars. His little girl returned to the house just in time to see them carry away the trunk.

## Noble Will Resign.

NEW YORK, June 5.—A special to the Press from Washington says: A gentleman in high official life here, who is a friend staying at the Park Hotel, Hot Springs, Ark., where Secretary Noble is also registered, received a letter to-night in which the writer reported Secretary Noble as saying that he would resign from the Cabinet at an early date on account of his health.

## BEHRING SEA BILL PASSED.

An Effort to Get an Amendment Added Defeated by Hon. W. H. Smith.

(By Cable to the Times.)  
LONDON, June 5.—During the debate on the Behring Sea bill in the House of Commons, Mr. Staveley Hill, Conservative member for Staffordshire, opposed the measure, especially the clause permitting the capture of sealion. He said that the sealion was a valuable subject for food supply of the Alaskan natives.

He moved that the words "if Canada consent" be added to the clause.  
Right-Hon. W. H. Smith, for the Government, opposed Mr. Hill's amendment on the ground that the consent of Canada to the proposed legislation had already been obtained.  
Mr. Hill stated, in view of this statement, that he would withdraw his amendment. The bill was then passed.

## ANOTHER HITCH THREATENED.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 5.—There is a fair prospect for another hitch in the Behring sea matter before it reaches arbitration, and there are obstacles yet to overcome before an agreement can be reached for a closed season. The bill passed by the House of Commons confers authority upon the Queen to issue a proclamation prohibiting British subjects from taking seals during a certain period, but the success of the proceeding is dependent on the disposition of the Queen's consent. Lord Salisbury, the British Government, it is understood, will insist that the United States shall be pledged to pay British subjects for losses sustained through the deprivation of sealing privileges during the closed season. The contention of the United States is not sustained by arbitration. On the other hand the British Government will probably agree to pay damages to the American company in case a different decision is reached. Of course the President can give no such pledge for payment of damages, but the contention that Congress alone can deal with, Congress not being in session this question complicates the situation, and it is doubtful how the matter will be settled.

## FOR TAX REFORM.

The New York Association Formulates a Platform of Principles.

NEW YORK, June 5.—The New York Tax Reform Association has promulgated the following platform of principles, which is signed, among others by David A. Wells, of Norwich, Conn.; George H. Scott, ex-president of the Real Estate Exchange; P. C. Thompson, Bolton Hall, C. T. Christian, John H. Inman, Amos K. Eno, William Stearnway, Edwin J. Denning and Thomas G. Shearnway.  
1. The most direct taxation is theoretically the best, because it gives to real payers of taxes a direct and direct government.  
2. Mortgages and capital engaged in production or trade should be exempt from taxation, because taxes on such capital tend to drive it away, to put a premium on dishonesty and to discourage industry.  
3. Therefore, we should bear the main burden of taxation because such taxes can be most easily, cheaply and certainly collected.  
4. Our present system of levying and collecting State and municipal taxes is extremely bad and spasmodic, and unreflecting tinkering with it is unlikely to result in substantial improvement.  
5. No Legislature will venture to enact a good system of local taxation until the people, especially the farmers, perceive the correct principles of taxation and see the folly of taxing property.

Therefore, we desire to unite our efforts in such ways as may seem advisable to keep up intelligent discussion and agitation of the subject of taxation with a view to improvement in the system of enlightenment as to the correct principles.

Those who approve of the principles above expressed, whether or not they are able to give them assistance, are requested to communicate with the New York Tax Reform Association, No. 111 Broadway, New York, with a view to some action on this basis. This call is intended only to bring out such an expression of opinion as will make it possible to organize for the propagation of these views.

## ASSAULTED BY BRUTES.

Horrible Atrocity Upon a Defenseless Girl by Conscienceless Scoundrels.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 3.—Jennie Long, aged eighteen years, of Olney, was at an early hour this morning found in a dazed condition at Fourth and New York streets by Policemen Heath. Failing to get a satisfactory story from her, they took her to the station house and placed her under the charge of the matron.

The girl was suffering great mental agony, and as soon as she had been sufficiently quieted she told the matron a harrowing account of what had happened to her. She stated that on Wednesday she came to the station in company with her mother, and while walking around she encountered an unknown man, who induced her to go to the house of David Burns, No. 1817 North Second street. She had not been there long before one of the men called her into a room, and on going in the door was shut and locked behind her, and she was made a prisoner. Here she was kept for an hour, during which she was brutally and criminally assaulted by nine men in succession. The girl fought desperately against the advances of the men, but her strength gave way to their power. When the ninth man left the room the girl was allowed to depart, and wandered around until she met the officer.

The officers after a search arrested Elmer Young, aged twenty-one; John McGurk, aged thirty; Frank McDermott, aged thirty; E. LaBerty, aged thirty; Alexander Devin, aged thirty; Patrick Dullerton, aged thirty; Philip Reul, aged twenty-seven; John Beadley, aged twenty-five, and David Burns.

At a hearing this afternoon the friends were committed to await a further hearing.

Jennie Long was sent to the Episcopal Hospital, where she lies in a precarious condition.

## DR. BRIGGS' CASE.

The Theological Seminary Directors Stand by the Presbytery.

NEW YORK, June 5.—For three hours this afternoon the directors of the Union Theological Seminary sat in secret session discussing the case of Dr. Briggs. A resolution was adopted at the meeting upholding the former action of the directors regarding the transfer of Dr. Briggs from the Davenport professorship of Hebrew to the new Edward Robinson professorship of Biblical theology. The resolution was as follows:

Resolved, That the board of directors, after having taken legal advice, and after due consideration, see no reason to change their views on the subject of the transfer of Dr. Briggs, and feel bound in the direction of their duties under this charter and constitution to adhere to the same.  
"This is all," said Treasurer Kingsley, "that we can make public of the meeting with the exception that there were two dissenting votes upon the passage of the resolution. The other points raised are deferred until after we hear from the General Assembly."

The fact that a struggle was in progress behind closed doors was evident when Professor George A. Prentiss staggered into the hall after the discussion had been under way for two hours, and nearly sank to the floor through weakness brought on by over excitement. The venerable professor's body shook like a leaf and he had to be assisted to a private room until he had recovered. Then Dr. Hastings left his place in the meeting and accompanied the professor home. Only one ballot was taken on the resolution, and the vote stood 30 to 2 in favor of its passage.

## Fatal Cyclone.

SHOALS, IND., June 5.—A cyclone passed over Burnside, this county, last night, destroying a large amount of property. Absolom Sharpless was killed, Miss Nora Fortner severely injured. Much stock was killed.

## A Noted Wedding.

CHICAGO, ILL., June 5.—Announcement has been made that the approaching marriage of General John M. Spooner to Miss Georgia Kilbourne, of Keokuk. The ceremony will take place June 15th.

## SHARP TRICK UPON UNCLE SAM

Believed That the Itata Transferred the Bulk of Her Cargo of Arms.

## NOT YET IN UNITED STATES CUSTODY.

Conference of the Officials in Washington—Who is Responsible?—What Admiral McCann Says.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 5.—(Special).—The suspicion is that the Chilian insurgents have played a very shrewd trick upon Uncle Sam by delivering the bulk of the Itata's cargo of arms and ammunition either to the Esmeralda or at some port in possession of the insurgents before surrendering increases here. There are reasons to believe that this suspicion is entertained in official circles. At all events the authorities persistently refuse to give out any definite information concerning the surrender of the Chilian vessel, and when asked as to what cargo she obtained from the Robert and Minnie the most profound ignorance is assumed.

## NOT IN CUSTODY YET.

The case of the Itata is not yet in the custody of the department, and will not be until that vessel reaches San Diego, California. The usual course, Attorney-General Miller said to-day, will then be pursued, the vessel will be libelled and the case tried in the courts.

The surrender of the Itata was the subject of a conference at the White House to-day between the President, Attorney-General Miller, Acting-Secretary Wharton and Secretary Tracy. An opinion as to the international aspect of the case was obtained from Mr. Moore, Assistant-Secretary of State, who showed how wide are the differences between the authorities on the subject of the responsibility in such instances.

## WHO IS RESPONSIBLE?

His ultimatum was that in view of this disagreement the Chilian Government cannot be held responsible, nor can the United States Government. The owners of the vessel may be held liable, as they undoubtedly must have known that they were engaging in unlawful business when they agreed to transport the arms to the insurgents in Chili.

The official information as to the surrender of the Itata at Iquique was contained in a dispatch from Acting-Rear-Admiral McCann received by Secretary Tracy several hours after the regular time of closing the department. The dispatch came in cipher, and it took about three hours to translate it.

In the dispatch, stated that the Itata had arrived at Iquique from Topopilla Wednesday night and was placed at the disposition of Admiral McCann yesterday morning. She had on board, the dispatch says, 5,000 rifles and also ammunition taken from the schooner Robert and Minnie out of the port of San Diego, Cal. She had no other munitions of war than those belonging to the ship, and had transferred nothing to the Esmeralda, with whom she communicated at Acapulco, Mex. After communicating with the insurgent cruiser she went direct to Topopilla.

## TO BE SENT TO SAN DIEGO.

Admiral McCann said also that the cruiser Clatona, arrived at Iquique yesterday and that the Pensacola was expected before night-fall.

The Itata will now be sent back to San Diego, probably under the convoy of one of the cruisers of the Admiral's squadron as soon as she can be sent and prepared for the return trip. She will be delivered to the United States court officers at San Diego, and the proceedings against her for violation of the neutrality law will be resumed at the point where they were interrupted by the unlawful departure of the steamship, and the responsibility will, if they agree, also be called upon to answer the additional charge of contempt of court in running away while under injunction.

## (By Cable to the Times.)

PARIS, June 5.—A dispatch from Bolivia says that in consequence of Bolivia's recognition of the Chilian Congress party as belligerents the Chilian Minister at Lopez, the Bolivian capital, has demanded his passports.

## REFORMED PRESBYTERIANS.

Little Interest Taken in the Speeches of Defense by the Ministers.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 5.—The interest in the proceedings of the Reformed Presbyterian Synod appears to have abated at the close of the eloquent appeals for justice by the suspended ministers. The attendance to-day was very small.

Almost the entire morning session was taken up by Rev. George in his argument in self-defense and in defense of the action of the Pittsburgh Presbytery. Dr. George's argument was disappointing to his friends. His remarks were rambling, covering many points five or six times. The speaker became greatly confused when pointedly questioned by those whom he was trying to prove guilty of violating church laws. Several sessions were occasioned by the nature of these questions and answers.

Rev. Dr. McAllister, moderator of the Pittsburgh Presbytery, was called upon and began his address in defense of the action of the presbytery in suspending the ministers. After analyzing the legal aspect of the question he proceeded with the argument that there is no ground for an appeal from the decision of the Presbytery.

At the afternoon session Rev. McAllister continued his argument. He stated that the Pittsburgh Presbytery had always maintained the law and order and observed the discipline of the Church, and had done no "injustice and wrong."

He spoke at length in regard to an alleged breach of confidence with which he was accused. The Rev. H. W. Temple, one of those who attended the East-End meeting, and who was secretary to Dr. McAllister that an organization had been formed. This was told in confidence, but subsequently the seal of confidence was removed by the Rev. Mr. Temple himself.

The speaker then said: "In connection with this one member before the presbytery" [he held in his hand a paper] "I have here a sworn affidavit from Rev. J. F. Carson, of New York, that there was no organization formed at the East-End meeting." How are we to reconcile these two statements? One says there was an organization formed, and one has an affidavit that there was not. There must have been an organization, because the platform was printed and Mr. Temple told me they were to secure signatures.  
"I assert that until the affidavit and minutes of the East-End meeting are put upon this table, I shall insist that that organization was a secret body."

The speaker referred to the fact that the presbytery did not wrongly impute the intentions of the young men to break up the Church. He spoke of the distressed condition of several churches, and said that they were torn up because some one in the Community church had been in the guilty of following divisive courses. The speaker read several verses from the Scripture and the confession to prove that the opinions of the young men were erroneous and were destructive to the doctrines of the Church, and that their promulgation would divide and overthrow the Church.

Dr. McAllister will continue his argument to-morrow.

## The Coercion Act.

(By Cable to the Times.)

LONDON, June 5.—In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Balfour said in reply to Mr. Nolan that although he considered the time certain portion of the Coercion Act might be suspended, and especially the clauses giving summary jurisdiction, he never meant such action on the part of the government to be retrospective, remitting the sentences of O'Brien and Dillon.

## BROOKLYNS WIN AT LAST.

They Defeat the Chicago-Giants Beat the Tail-Enders—The Other Games.

BROOKLYN, June 5.

LAST BROOKLYN has won a game. Lovett pitched an excellent game, the Chicago only securing three hits off him. In the second inning Anson's two-bagger and wild pitches gave the visitors a run. In the fourth inning the base-hit steal of the Chicago, and a single by Wilmot gave them the second and last run. In the fourth inning the Chicago stole a base and scored. The fielding of Bassett was a feature.

Score:  
Chicago.....0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0—2  
Brooklyn.....0 0 1 0 3 0 1 1—5

Batteries: Hutchison and Honan; Lovett and Kingslow. Umpire, Lynch.

NEW YORK, June 5.—The Yankees hit Radburn hard to-day, securing five runs in the first inning, after which there was no question as to who would win. Long John Ewing was very effective, the Cincinnati being unable to do much with him. Latham did some of his customary clever base stealing and scored runs. The fielding of Bassett was a feature.

Score:  
New York.....5 0 0 2 0 1 0 1—9  
Cincinnati.....0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0—2

Batteries: Ewing and Clarke; Radbourne and Clark. Umpire, Powers.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 5.—The Pittsburgh team pounded Gleason hard to-day. The "Phillies" played an excellent fielding game. The visitors earned five of their seven runs. Baldwin went in and relieved Galvin in the fourth inning and the home club could not find the ball. Miller's error gave them a chance to score in the last inning. Score:

Philadelphia.....1 2 0 0 0 0 1 1—4  
Pittsburgh.....0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0—7

Batteries: Gleason and Clements; Galvin, Baldwin and Fields. Umpire, Hearst.

BOSTON, Mass., June 5.—The Boston made a mark of Vian in their game with the Cleveland to-day, scoring thirteen hits and eleven runs from him. The run-getting, however, was aided somewhat by the errors of the visitors. Clarkson was in excellent form and pitched a fine game for the home club. Attendance, 1,700. Score:

Cleveland.....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1  
Boston.....0 0 3 0 4 1 1 1—11

Batteries: Vian and Doyle; Clarkson and Gannell. Umpire, McQuade.

## ASSOCIATION GAMES.

At Columbus:

Columbus.....1 0 0 0 0 0 2 4—6  
Washington.....0 0 0 0 0 0 2 3—5

Batteries: Knell and Donahue; Foreman and McGuire. Umpire, Kerns.

At Cincinnati: The Cincinnati-Athletic game was postponed on account of wet grounds.

At Louisville:

Boston.....3 1 0 0 0 1 0 0—5  
Louisville.....1 0 1 0 2 0 0 0—4

Batteries: Buffington and Murphy; Ball and Ryan. Umpire, Jones.

At St. Louis:

St. Louis.....2 2 0 1 0 1 0 1—8  
Baltimore.....0 2 1 1 0 1 1 0—6

Batteries: McGill and Munyan; McMahon and Townsend. Umpire, Ferguson.

## HOW THE CLUBS STAND.

League. W. L. A. S. W. L.

Chicago.....31 18 1/2 Boston.....32 18 1/2

New York.....21 12 1/2 Philadelphia.....25 15

Boston.....19 18 1/2 Cincinnati.....22 21

Cleveland.....19 30 1/2 Pittsburgh.....21 29

Pittsburgh.....18 30 1/2 Louisville.....21 29

Brooklyn.....15 22 1/2 Athletic.....20 23

Cincinnati.....14 24 1/2 Washington.....12 23

## Results of the Turf.

Following were the results of yesterday's races:

## MORRIS PARK.

First race, three-quarters of a mile—Level first, Dalsvian second, Sequence third. Time, 1:12 1/4.

Second race, one mile—Vardee first, Joe Courtney second, Atlantic third. Time, 1:30.

Third race, debutant stakes for two-year-olds, five furlongs—Anna B. first, Natalie S. second, Marina third. Time, 2:00 1/4.

Fourth race, one and a sixteenth mile—Frontenac first, Judge Morrow second, Woodcut third. Time, 1:47.

Fifth race, Withers' stakes for three-year-olds, one mile—Pienicker first, Montana second, Laurestan third. Time, 1:43 1/4.

Sixth race, three-quarters of a mile—Merry Monarch first, Arica second, Hyacinth third. Time, 1:34 1/2.

Following are entries for to-day:

First race, five furlongs, maidens—Judge Toney, Arnold, Goldfinger, Moran, G. Dago, Prohibition, Tasso, His Highness, Lakewood, Adelbert, Clara (colt), Canvas, Tenda, Stradford, Brina (colt), 11; Enid, Rinda, Dyer, Nipne, Piccadilly, 10.

Second race, one mile—Key Del Rey, Walcott, Snowball, Mountain Deer, 12; Lintinque, Lima, 11 1/2; Atlantic, 11.

Third race, Great Eclipse stakes, three-quarters of a mile—Oxley, Mr. Appleth, Barkley, Barkley, Airshaft, Mr. Matlaw, Temple, Osie, Heligate, Kingman, Rex, Merry Monarch, Delusion, Take Back, 11; Cloth, Spinalong, Crystal, 11.

Fourth race, three-quarters of a mile—Tormentor, Bliss, 12; Meriden, 13; Hyacinth, Corcoran, Vintage Time (filly), 12; St. Au, 12; Trinity, Commensance, 11; Saunterer, Slipper, Sir Launcelot, Roquefort, Kingmaker, 11.

Fifth race, New York handicap, mile and a quarter—Tristan, 11; Raeland, 12; Fournier, 11; Ben, Denah, 12; Cuchara, 9; Pagan, 9; Kildeer, 9; Trinity, 12.

Sixth race, seven furlongs, selling—Blue Jeans, 11; Centura, 11 1/2; Watterson, Kemp-laud, 11; Fairstair, Techtlight, 10; Rio, 10 1/2; Arab, Adventurer, 10; Uncertainty, 10; Senator, Lady Pulsifer, 10; 10 1/2; Elvira, 10; 10 1/2; Marnette, 10; 10 1/2; Josie W, 8; Prince Charming, 10.

## LATONIA.

First race, mile and twenty yards—Linth-gow first, Profligate second, Cashier third. Time, 1:53.

Second race, one mile—Phila first, Palmetto second, Reputation third. Time, 1:51 1/4.

Third race, mile and seventy yards—Brazer first, Eli second, Alphonse third. Time, 1:58.

Fourth race, three-quarters of a mile—New-ton first, Gorman second, Chaperon third. Time, 1:24 1/4.

Fifth race, four and a half furlongs—Cerver first, Curt Gunn second, Fallero third. Time, 1:01 1/4.

Following are the entries for to-day:

First race, selling—Fred Fink, 100; Tenor, 102; Cassher, 104; Consignee, Alphonse, 106; Ramier, 107; Bob Forsythe, Hamet, 112.

Second race, selling, one mile—L. H., 100; Little Annie, 102; Kemmi, 106; Jim Ginn, 112; Mary H., 102; Aunt Kate, 101; Sir Planet, 97; Remedy, 86; Brutus, 104; Rollin Hawley, John Daz, 105.

Third race, two-year-olds, four furlongs—Ollie Glen, 105; Frances Constable, Duchess, 104; 102; Debonair, 115; Madden, 113.

Fourth race, handicap, mile and seventy yards—Marchma, Madama, 90; Lorenza, 95; Reputation, Bonnie Byrd, 98; Hamlet, 106; Eli, 108; Red Sign, 111; Dr. Nave, 122.

Fifth race, hotel handicap stakes, mile and three-sixteenths—Alan Beane, 95; Rescuer, 100; 102; 108; Gloekner, 109; W. G. Norris, 112; Marian C., 121.

Weather clear, track muddy.

## PIMLICO STAKES OFF.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 5.—The bad condition of the track caused a postponement of the races of the Pimlico Driving Club to-day. To-morrow's large card is made necessary so as to allow the horses to leave for Washington, where the Southwestern racing meeting opens at Bennings on Tuesday next.